# Ceantar Bardais Dún na nGall

Oifig Riarthóir na gCruinnithe, Aras an Chontae, Leifear 28 Deire Fómhair 2015

# FOGRA CRUINNITHE

Beidh Cruinniú de Ceantar Bardais Dún na nGall ar siúl De hAoine 6ú Samhain 2015, ag 5.00 i.n. in Ionad Serbhísí Pobail, Bhaine Dhún na nGall.

# DO GACH BHALL DEN CEANTAR BARDAS DÚN NA nGall.

A Chara

Iarrtar ort bheith i lathair ag an gcruinniu seo Ceantar Bardais Dún na nGall. Ta Clar an Cruinnithe le seo.

Mise, le meas

### <u>Seosamh O'Piopla</u> Riarthóir Cruinnithe Ionadach

# **Municipal District of Donegal**

Office of Meetings Administrator County House Lifford 28<sup>th</sup> October 2015

# **NOTICE OF MEETING**

A Meeting of the Municipal District of Donegal will be held on Friday 6<sup>th</sup> November 2015 **at 5.00 p m in the Donegal Public Services Centre.** 

# TO EACH MEMBER OF THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF DONEGAL

Dear Councillor

You are summoned to attend this meeting of the Municipal District of Donegal. The Agenda is attached.

Yours sincerely

Joe Peoples A/Meetings Administrator

# AGENDA

1) To consider the Draft Budgetary Plan for the Municipal District of Donegal for 2016.

# Draft Budgetary Plan & General Municipal Allocation 2016

#### 1.0 Background

- 1.1 The Local Government Reform Act 2014 and associated regulations require the allocation of a general municipal allocation to each Municipal District as part of the annual revenue budget process.
- 1.2 In respect of 2015, a preliminary allocation of €100,000 per Municipal District was made with this subsequently being increased, proportionate to the number of members in each Municipal District, at the plenary budget meeting held in November of 2014.
- 1.3 The rationale behind this approach in 2014 was that it was challenging if not impossible to allocate a global and final figure as part of the General Municipal Allocation, prior to the final and full plenary budget being adopted, at which point in time it could only be known with certainty as to what capacity existed within the Council resources to allocate such funding.

#### 2.0 2015 General Municipal Allocation

- 2.1 Discussions with the Department of the Environment, Community and Local Government have outlined the challenges associated with the timing required under the current regulations with regard to the allocation of the GMA. The Department have acknowledged the challenges associated with this and are currently working with a view to amending this approach.
- 2.2 However, this approach will not be amended in time for the 2016 revenue budget considerations and as such it is envisaged that it will only come into effect for future years annual revenue budgets beyond 2016.
- 2.3 On that basis it is proposed, similar to the 2015 revenue budget considerations, to allocate a provisional amount at this juncture to the general municipal allocation and that the final and conclusive decision be made at the plenary budget meeting in November 2015, at which point in time the members can conclude and determine the final amount to be made available to the general municipal allocations, similar to the approach last year. This could, if the members wished, take the format of that decided on for 2015, an allocation proportionate to the number of members in respect of each of the individual Municipal Districts.

#### 3.0 <u>Recommendation</u>

3.1 It is therefore recommended that in line with the requirements of the Local Government Reform Act 2014 and associated regulations that the Municipal District adopt a provisional general municipal allocation in the amount of €100,000 at this time with this figure to be considered in the round at the 2016 plenary revenue budget meeting and with a view to assessing the capacity of the organisation to increase that, for example, to an amount similar to that included in the 2015 revenue budget.

Garry Martin, CPFA Director of Finance, Information Systems & Emergency Services 19<sup>th</sup> October 2015

# Draft Budgetary Plan & General Municipal Allocation 2016

#### **Outcome of Municipal District workshops**

As agreed at the respective Municipal District workshops which took place between the 5<sup>th</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup> October 2015 with each Municipal District, the recommendation as put forward in the Draft Budgetary Plan has been agreed in principle and is now submitted for formal consideration and adoption by the Municipal District.

Garry Martin, CPFA Director of Finance, Information Systems & Emergency Services 28<sup>th</sup> October 2015





Comhshaol, Pobal agus Rialtas Áitiúil Environment, Community and Local Government

Circular Fin 05/2014

29 May 2014

# <u>Re: Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) Regulations 2014 and associated</u> <u>budget related matters</u>

I am directed by the Minister for Environment, Community and Local Government to refer to the Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) Regulations (S.I. 226 of 2014), which come into effect from 1 June 2014. Details in relation to these and related matters follow.

### <u>Summary</u>

The Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) Regulations 2014 revoke in whole the previous Local Government (Financial Procedures and Audit) Regulations 2002 (SI 508 of 2002) as amended by Local Government (Financial Procedures and Audit) (Amendment) Regulations 2014 (SI 8 of 2014). The new Regulations restate many provisions of the 2002 Regulations and take account of relevant provisions in the Local Government Act 2001 and Local Government Reform Act 2014. The Regulations are set out in five Parts:

#### Part 1 - General Interpretations

This contains relevant definitions that are not already provided in the Principal Acts.

**Part 2 - Budget** - the main provisions relate to the budget process for those authorities with municipal districts, provide a definition of General Municipal Allocation, set out the timeline for submission of draft budgetary plan to members of Municipal Districts and the timeline for finalisation of draft budgetary plan.

These guidelines set out the process as provided for in the legislation, further information on the budget strategy and draft budgetary plan, as well as clarifying the application of the principal of fairness and equity as it will apply to the allocation of the General Municipal Allocation to municipal districts.

**Part 3 - Audit** – these provisions restate the previous requirements contained in the 2002 Regulations, with some amendments mainly to take account of the provisions of the Local Government Reform Act 2014. These guidelines highlight those changes.

**Part 4 - Rates** – these provisions are a restatement of the 2002 Regulations. The main changes that have been reflected are to remove references to 'town councils' and to update the provisions to reflect the new position of 'Chief Executive'. It also includes a requirement

to make information available on-line as well as publishing in a newspaper, as is the norm currently.

**Part 5 – Rates on Vacant Premises –** this is a new Part and prescribes the process that should be followed by local authority members to give effect to the provision locally. While the levels of refund to be applied in local electoral areas will be a matter for the members, the Regulations will ensure a consistent approach, such as in relation to timeframes of decision-making across all local authorities.

# Detailed Guidance – Parts 2, 3, 4 and 5 of Regulations

# Part 2 – Budget and related guidance on the annual budgetary process

The Local Government Act 2001 Section 102, as amended by the Local Government Reform Act 2014, provides the legislative basis for the revised budget process which is to be implemented commencing with the 2015 budget.

Section 102 (4A) provides that the budget is developed in a phased process involving input from the Chief Executive, the municipal district members and the Corporate Policy Group. The adoption of the budget continues to be a reserved function of the local authority.

It should be noted that the umbrella term "municipal district" includes all other variations of this type of formation as set out in Part 3A section 22A of the Local Government Act 2001 (as inserted by the Local Government Reform Act 2014) e.g. metropolitan or borough districts. In the case where a local authority does not have municipal districts, the requirements relating to municipal districts will therefore not apply.

New EU requirements dictate that the main parameters of the national budget are to be published by 15 October each year, including local government aspects; the European Commission is to give an opinion on the draft budget by 30 November at the latest; and budgets must be formally adopted by 31 December. Therefore, it is a requirement that, from 2015, all aspects of the budgetary process at a local authority level must be completed by the end of year prior to the financial year to which the budget relates.

Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) Regulations 2014 repeal the Local Government (Financial Procedures and Audit) Regulations 2002 and 2014. The main provisions of the new regulations, as they relate to the budget process, are to provide a definition of General Municipal Allocation, to set out the timeline for submission of the draft budgetary plan to members of municipal districts and to set out the timeline for finalisation of draft budgetary plan.

The Local Government Reform Act 2014 makes a number of changes to the requirements in the Local Government Act 2001 Section 102, which provides for the preparation of the draft local authority budget.

The budget process is set out below and summarised in Appendix 1.

- 1. Agree budget strategy
- 2. Develop draft budgetary plans
- 3. Draft local authority budget
- 4. Schedule of municipal district works

# 1. Agree budget strategy

# 1.1 Consultation with the Corporate Policy Group (CPG)

In accordance with the general guidance in the Strategic Policy Committee (SPC) and CPG Guidelines, the CPG will need to be involved from the preliminary phases of preparation of the budget, and should assist in the setting of overall parameters, identification of issues to be addressed and approaches to be taken.

The Local Government Act 2001 (as amended by the Local Government Reform Act 2014) (subsection 133(1)) made provision for early presentation of proposals to the local authority connected with the formulation, development, monitoring and review of policy, and this includes the annual budget. The Chief Executive is required to discuss, in outline form, or on the basis of very preliminary papers, the development of the budget with the CPG.

The consultation with the CPG should focus on the overall financial position of the local authority and, in a pre-budget context, should discuss a number of key items of budget policy and strategy including the financial consequences of any variation in basic rate of Local Property Tax (LPT), the amount of General Municipal Allocation to be provided to municipal districts and the impacts associated with decisions to be taken on rates vacancy refunds.

# 1.2 Consider financial impact of LPT variation

Under section 20 of the Finance (Local Property Tax) Act 2012, a local authority may as a reserved function resolve to vary the basic rate of the Local Property Tax within its functional area by a maximum of +/- 15%. This power will be available to local authorities effective from 2015, as the relevant sections of the Act will come into operation on 1 July 2014. The Revenue Commissioners have separately written to all local authorities and required that they must be notified no later than 30 September of the details of any decision made to vary the basic rate of LPT by a local adjustment factor.

Section 20 of the 2012 Act requires that, in varying the rate, a local authority must take account of its financial position, and have regard to:

• the local authority's estimation of the income it will receive and the expenditure it will incur in the period for which the varied rate is to have effect;

- the financial position of the local authority, including the amounts standing as its accumulated assets and liabilities not less than one month before the date on which it is proposed to pass the resolution; and
- the local authority's estimation of the financial effect of the varied rate on the economy of its functional area, including on those persons who will be liable to pay local property tax.

Section 20 also provides that the Minister for the Environment, Community and Local Government may make regulations, including in respect of public consultation requirements prior to the variation of the rate of the Tax. The Minister will make such regulations in advance of the coming into operation of section 20 of the 2012 Act.

# 1.3 Confirm decision on LPT

The decision on the variation of the basic rate of LPT is a reserved function of the local authority, and will need to be considered by a council meeting before the end of September, with both the Revenue Commissioners and the Minister for the Environment, Community and Local Government being formally notified by 30 September each year of any resolutions passed.

# 1.4 Agree overall General Municipal Allocation (GMA)

The definition of GMA is provided in regulations, and is the name given to the discretionary funding which is made available to municipal district members for allocation in the draft budgetary plan. The amount an authority can provide by way of a GMA is dependent on the total level of income available to it, and the non-discretionary costs that must be met as a first call on that income, including at municipal district level.

The Chief Executive must consider the resource needs of the local authority in determining the overall level of the General Municipal Allocation proposed by the local authority; the budget strategy discussion with the CPG, the other decisions made on LPT, and the estimate of the non-discretionary costs of the authority must be taken into account.

# <u>1.5 Information to be provided to the Department of the Environment, Community and Local</u> <u>Government</u>

To meet the reporting requirements of the EU, all local authorities must submit a report to the Department by 30 September. This report, which should be prepared in the format provided in Appendix 2, sets out the preliminary estimates of income and expenditure, both current and capital, for the forthcoming year.

# 2. Develop draft budgetary plans

Section 102 (4A)(a) of the Local Government Act 2001 (as amended by the Local Government Reform Act 2014) provides that "In the case of a county council or a city and county council, the Chief Executive shall consult the municipal district members for each municipal district in the local authority's functional area in the preparation of a draft local authority budget and, for that purpose, a draft budgetary plan for the municipal district shall be prepared under the direction of the Chief Executive and submitted for consideration by

the municipal district members for each municipal district in the manner and in the format that may be prescribed by regulations made by the Minister."

The draft budgetary plan will set out how any General Municipal Allocation allocated to the Municipal District will be spent. This only refers to the discretionary funding that is allocated to the Municipal district, with discussions on the main, strategic, non-discretionary expenditure of the local authority forming part of the main local authority budget preparation. A template for the draft budgetary plan is set out in Appendix 3, and may be customised as appropriate.

# 2.1 Allocate GMA between municipal districts

Section 102 (4A)(b) provides that "in determining the resources to be made available to the municipal district regard should be given to (i) the needs of, and the resources available or likely to be available to the local authority, and (ii) resource needs of each municipal district including, where appropriate the population of each municipal district."

The total amount of GMA provided must be allocated by the Chief Executive to each municipal district in a manner that is fair and equitable. In doing so, the Chief Executive must consider the resource needs; where appropriate, the population; and should make an allocation that is transparent, just, not arbitrary, and provides a minimum level of discretionary allocation to all districts.

# 2.2 Municipal districts consideration of draft budgetary plans

The purpose of a draft budgetary plan is to provide each municipal district with an opportunity to allocate its portion of the General Municipal Allocation according to its priorities.

This does not replace the main, strategic, non-discretionary expenditure of the local authority, the spending of which will be prioritised by the members as part of the development of a schedule of municipal district works after the budget has been adopted.

Appendix 3 provides examples of the types of expenditure that could be prioritised by municipal district members. The inclusion of grant funded expenditure facilitates the consideration by municipal members of whether further funds might be provided in these areas (notwithstanding any expenditure contemplated by the local authority and funded by grant / local authority matched funding).

The regulations provide a period (to be directed by the Minister) during which the members may consider the draft budgetary plan. The members of the municipal district must receive a copy of the draft budgetary plan and notice of the meeting of municipal district members 7 days prior to that meeting. The meeting of municipal district members to consider the draft budgetary plan must conclude no later than 21 days prior to the local authority budget meeting. There is no provision for the adjournment of this meeting.

# 2.3 Municipal districts adopt draft budgetary plans

Section 102 (4A) (c) and (d) provide that it is a reserved function of the members of a municipal district to adopt the draft budgetary plan with or without amendment. In this

context, the members of the municipal district may consider changes to the local charges applied in their district, with an increase or decrease in those charges impacting on the overall level of funding that may be available for the draft budgetary plan (GMA).

# 3. Draft local authority budget

The format of the statutory budget tables is contained in the Accounting Code of Practice.

# 3.1 Draft budgetary plans to be incorporated into draft local authority budget

Section 102 (4A) (e) provides that the Chief Executive "shall take account of any budgetary plan adopted ... in preparing the draft local authority budget (in accordance with subsection (2))".

If the members of any municipal district do not adopt a draft budgetary plan, the Chief Executive may take account of the draft budgetary plan as presented to members of that municipal district without amendment.

The expenditure allocated by the municipal districts in the draft budgetary plan should be included in the draft local authority budget within the relevant service division.

# 3.2 Budget meeting

Section 103 (2)(b) provides that the period for the holding of a budget meeting shall be directed by the Minister. In order to finalise all budgets by 31 December, it will be necessary to hold budget meetings in November; the specific dates will be prescribed by the Minister each year.

Section 103 (6) provides that the budget meeting may be adjourned "but any such adjournment shall be to a day that is within the period of 14 days beginning on the day on which the local authority budget meeting first begins."

Section 216 subsections (c) and (d) provide that the Minister may by order remove from office the members of a local authority if and whenever -

- a local authority fails to comply with a requirement made by notification under subsection (1) of section 10A, within 14 days after the date of notification, or
- a local authority in the circumstances set out in subsection (6) of section 10A, adopts a revised estimate of expenses which is, in accordance with that section, insufficient.

# 4. Schedule of municipal district works and service delivery plans

Section 103A (1) provides that, following the adoption of the budget, a schedule of proposed works of maintenance and repair to be carried out during the financial year in each municipal district shall be prepared under the direction of the Chief Executive, having regard to the availability of resources.

The schedule of municipal district works shall be considered by the municipal district members concerned and be adopted by resolution, with or without amendment by it. In making an amendment the municipal district members shall have due regard to the local authority budget adopted in accordance with section 103(9).

Further advice will issue in relation to the preparation of service delivery plans.

### Part 3 - Audit provisions

The new Regulations restate a number of audit provisions that were included in Part 3 of the 2002 Regulations (Regulations 13 to 20). The amendments that have been made reflect the repeal of the various provisions relating to the auditor's authority to charge and surcharge in accordance with Part 2 of Schedule 1 of the 2014 Act and modernise the formal requirements for commencing the annual audit. Separate Regulations regarding the operation of audit committees have been drawn up in accordance with section 59 of the Local Government Reform Act 2014.

Local authorities' attention is drawn to the following paragraphs:

- 1. Regulation 13 provides the interpretation of the meaning of local government organisation for the purposes of this part of the regulations and includes local authorities, regional assemblies and all other bodies audited by the Local Government Audit Service.
- 2. Regulation 14 provides the procedures to be followed by local authority Chief Executives and Directors of assemblies and auditors in regard to the notice of a yearly audit. Related forms to be used by local authorities or other bodies in respect of the publication of the notice of audit are included in the Schedule. A new arrangement has been included to formalise what is already standard practice, which allows the auditor to commence his or her audit related work before the formal notice of audit has been provided. The auditor must notify the Chief Executive or Director or Manager at least 7 days before they commence this work. This has been provided to ensure that the audit process, where practical and appropriate, can be conducted in the most efficient way possible without undermining the statutory arrangements for completion and submission of the annual financial statement and public consultation.
- 3. Regulation 15 provides that the local authority shall, during office hours, make available for inspection by members of the public the annual financial statement, records and other documents relating to the accounts to be audited, seven clear days before the day appointed for the commencement of the yearly audit of its accounts. Regulation (15)(2) requires the local authority to afford every reasonable facility and assistance to the person who has made the request.

- 4. Regulation 17 provides that objections at audit may be made by an aggrieved person or by a person on behalf of that person. The objection(s) shall be made in writing setting out the particulars and grounds to the auditor within 10 days of the commencement of the audit. Some changes have been made to reflect the repeal of the auditor's power to charge and surcharge. An auditor must consider the objection and if he or she finds that the matter is not material to the audit, or the matters raised in the objection are not concerned with the accounts of the local authority subject to audit, they may refer the matter to the Chief Executive (paragraph (2)). Where the auditor has referred the objection to the Chief Executive, the Chief Executive is required to review the matter and respond to the person who made the objection, setting out his or her findings, within 14 days of receipt of the objection from the auditor, or, if that review has not been completed, they are required to provide an update on progress and an indication of the date by which the review will be completed (paragraph 3). Where the auditor has considered the objection to be of material relevance to the audit, the auditor is required to refer to the matter in their report and provide a copy of the report to the person who made the objection with 14 days of submitting the report to the local authority.
- 5. Regulations 18, 19, and 20 restate paragraphs 27, 28 and 29 of the 2002 Regulations, with an additional new requirement in Regulation 20 to publish the annual financial statement and auditor's report on the local authority's website.

#### Part 4 - Rates provisions

The new Regulations re-state a number of commercial rates related provisions that were included in the 2002 Regulations. The amendments that have been made take account of the dissolution of town councils and the change to the role of Manager/Chief Executive. They also require publication of notices on the local authority's website as well as in newspapers. Provision has also been made for in the inclusion of the Base Year Adjustment (BYA) (as provided by section 29 of the Local Government Reform Act 2014) where relevant on rates bills and within the rates book.

Regulations 24, 25, and 27 re-state Regulations 37, 39 and 41 of the 2002 Regulations.

#### Part 5 - Rates on vacant premises

The Local Government Reform Act 2014 provides for a change to rating law in relation to the refund of rates on vacant properties; it provides discretion to the elected members of individual local authorities to vary the level of rates refunds that apply in individual local electoral areas within the authority's overall administrative area. The amendment does not make any change to the eligibility or otherwise of refunds as currently provided for in

relevant legislation but does amend that legislation to provide for the new reserved function of a local authority.

The new reserved function will be commenced with effect from 1 June 2014. Regulation 30 provides that the decision to alter the rate of refund should be taken at the annual budget meeting and that the rate of refund decided in respect of the relevant local electoral area shall apply to eligible persons for the year to which the budget relates, only. The absence of a decision to vary the refund means that the existing legislative provisions regarding the rate of refund applies (i.e. s14 of Local Government Act 1946; s71 of the Local Government (Dublin) Act 1930; or s20 of Cork City Management Act 1941). Therefore, if a local authority wishes to have an altered rate of refund in place for a number of consecutive years, it will be necessary for the Council to take such a decision at each relevant budget meeting.

Any queries in relation to this Circular should be made to Emma Reeves at 053 911 7417 or Barry Cooke at 053 911 7424.

Yours sincerely,

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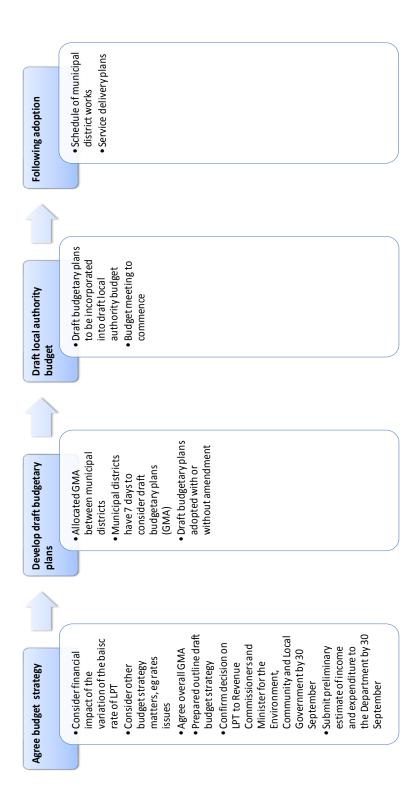
Fiona Quinn

Principal Officer

Local Government Finance

To: County and City Managers and CC Heads of Finance

# Appendix 1 – Overview of the Budget Process



# Appendix 2 – Report to be submitted to the Department of the Environment, Community and Local Government by 30 September

Preliminary estimate of capital and current income and expenditure for the forthcoming financial year	!
Overall balance (1 - 2)	€
1. Total Revenues / inflows	
Rates / NPPR (net of bad debt provision for rates)	
Property income	
Other receipts	
Inflows from central government <sup>1</sup>	
Inflows from operations in financial instruments <sup>2</sup>	
2. Total expenditure / outflows	
Compensation of employees <sup>3</sup>	
Interest paid to non government <sup>4</sup>	
Social benefits (transfer payments to households)	
Capital transfers (capital grants paid)	
Other expenditure (net of bad debt provision for rates)	
Outflows to central government <sup>5</sup>	
Outflows from operations in financial instruments <sup>6</sup>	

# Notes

- 1 Grants and subsidies
- 2 Loans
- 3 Including pensions
- 4 Interest paid other than to the HFA, OPW or NTMA
- 5 Interest and principal paid to the HFA, OPW and NTMA
- 6 Principal repaid, other than to the HFA, OPW or NTMA

# Appendix 3 – Draft budgetary plan

	MUI	NICIPAL DISTRICT DRAFT BUDGETARY PLAN			Current year informatio €	
			4	£		
			Municip	al district		
General Municipal Allocation						
Increase/decrease in other charges						
Total (A)				0		
To finance Gross Revenue Expendit	ure		Municip	al district	Local authority tota	I
Details by Service Division			proposed e	xpenditure	expenditure	
Housing and Building				0		
	A0101	Maintenance of LA Housing Units				
	A0102	Maintenance of Traveller Accommodation Units				
	A0104	Estate Management				
	A0401	Housing Estate Management				
	A0402	Tenancy Management				
	A0403	Social and Community Housing Service				
	A0901	Housing Adaptation Grant Scheme				
	A0902	Loan charges DPG/ERG				
	A0903	Essential Repair Grants				
	A0904	Other Housing Grant Payments				
	A0905	Mobility Aids Housing Grants				
Road Transport & Safety				0		
	B0301	Regional Roads Surface Dressing				
	B0302	Reg rd surface rest/road recon/overlay				
	B0303	Regional Road Winter Maintenance				
	B0304	Regional Road Bridge Maintenance				
	B0305	Regional Road General Maintenance Works				
	B0306	Regional Road General Improvement Works				
	B0401	Local Road Surface Dressing (RM)				
	B0402	Local rd surface rest/road recon/overlay				
	B0403	Local Road Winter Maintenance				
	B0404	Local Road Bridge Maintenance				
		Local Road General Maintenance Works				
	B0406	Local Road General Improvement Works				
	B0601	Traffic Management				
	B0602	Traffic Maintenance				
	B0603	Traffic Improvement Measures				
	B0701	Low cost remedial measures				
	B0702	Other engineering improvements				
	B0801	School wardens				
	B0802	Publicity and promotion road safety				
		Maintenance and management of car parks				
		Operation of street parking				
Water Services				0		

# Cont'd

Development Management			0	C
	D0401	Industrial sites operation		
	D0402	Provision of industrial sites		
	D0403	Management of & contribs to other commercial facs		
	D0404	General development promotion work		
	D0501	Tourism promotion		
	D0502	Tourist facilities operations		
	D0601	General community & enterprise expenses		
	D0603	Social inclusion		
	D0701	Unfinished housing estates		
	D0901	Urban and village renewal		
	D0902	EU projects		
	D0903	Town twinning		
	D0904	European Office		
	D0905	Economic development & promotion		
	D1101	Heritage Services		
	D1102	Conservation services		
	D1103	Conservation grants		
Environmental services			0	C
	E0501	Litter warden services		
	E0502	Litter control initiatives		
	E0503	Environmental awareness services		
	E0601	Operation of street cleaning services		
	E0602	Provision and improvement of litter bins		
	E0901	Maintenance of burial grounds		
	E0902	Provision of burial grounds		
Recreation and Amenity			0	C
	F0101	Leisure facilities operations		
	F0102	Provision/improvement of leisure facilities		
	F0103	Contribution to external bodies leisure facilities		
	F0301	Parks, pitches and open spaces		
	F0302	Playgrounds		
		Beaches		
	F0401	Community grants - sports & recreational		
		Operation of sports hall/stadium		
		Community facilities		
		Recreational development		
		Contributions to other bodies arts programmes		
		Museums operations		
		Heritage /imterpretative facilities operations		
		Festivals and concerts		
Agriculture, Education, Health a			0	C
J, ,		School meals		
Miscellaneous Services			0	C
	H0701	Operation of markets		
		Casual trading areas		
		0		
Relevant Gross Expenditure (B	- ^)		0	(





Comhshaol, Pobal agus Rialtas Áitiúil Environment, Community and Local Government

#### Circular Fin 08/2015

Head of Finance,

8 September 2015

#### Re: 2016 Budget meeting and other budget matters

Dear Head of Finance,

Further to the Local Government Act 2001, as amended, the Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) Regulations 2014 as amended by the Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) (Amendment) Regulations 2015, I am directed by the Minister for the Environment, Community and Local Government to refer to the 2016 Budget meeting and other budgetary matters.

# 1. Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) (Amendment) Regulations 2015 (S.I. 363 of 2015)

The Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) (Amendment) Regulations 2015 (copy enclosed) amend the Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) Regulations 2014 by providing that the meeting at which municipal district members consider the draft budgetary plan must conclude no later than 10 days prior to the local authority budget meeting; this period was previously 21 days.

Having regard to the change effected by the Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) (Amendment) Regulations 2015, the requirements of Circular Fin 05/2014 and the experience of the 2015 Budget process, local authorities are asked to ensure that the consideration of the draft budgetary plan at municipal district level be appropriate and meaningful having due regard to role of the municipal district.

Your attention is drawn to the template for the draft budgetary plan (Appendix 3 of Circular Fin 05/2014) which may be customised as appropriate. In this context, the preparation of the draft budgetary plan at municipal district level is being reviewed, with a view to expanding its scope for future budgets.

# 2. Budget 2016 - Prescribed Periods

The prescribed periods that apply for the holding of 2016 Budget meetings are as follows:

#### All local authorities and joint bodies: 2 November 2015 to 27 November 2015.

The prescribed periods that apply for the holding of a meeting of a municipal district to consider the draft budgetary plan are as follows:

### All local authorities: 15 October 2015 to 13 November 2015

As set out in the Local Government (Financial and Audit Procedures) (Amendment) Regulations 2015 (and as outlined at 1 above) the meeting with a municipal district must conclude no later than <u>10 days</u> <u>prior</u> to the local authority budget meeting.

# **3. 30** September report to Department - Preliminary estimate of capital and current income and expenditure for the forthcoming financial year

Fin 05/2014 set out the requirement that each local authority provide a report to the Department setting out its preliminary estimate of current and capital income and expenditure for the 2015 financial year. This requirement remains in place for 2016 and the report to the Department at 30 September 2015 will be consolidated by the Department of Finance with information from all parts of general government. As the date of preparation predates the budget meeting in 2015, it should include the best estimate at this date of both revenue and capital income and expenditure for the next financial year 2016.

The table to be completed as per Appendix 1 is attached in a spreadsheet accompanying this Circular, and should be sent to <u>Joe.Sinnott@environ.ie</u> and <u>David.Drea@environ.ie</u> no later than 30 September 2015.

This report, while similar in layout to the Report to be considered by the members in making a decision on the variation of local property tax, is different in a number of important ways:

LPT variation – estimation of income and	Report to Department – preliminary
expenditure	estimation of income and expenditure
Format prescribed in Regulations	Format set out in Fin 05/14
Revenue income and expenditure only	Revenue and capital income and expenditure
Current financial year and next financial year	Next financial year only
To inform the members of the local authority	For compilation into general government
	budget information
Detailed information on preparation	Detailed information on preparation to be
provided in Circular Fin 08/14	provided below

The basis of preparation of this report is set out in Appendix 1 to this Circular.

### 4. Statutory Budget Book

#### Format of 2016 statutory budget book

The following changes will be made in the 2016 statutory budget book:

Table A changes

- Labels for rates are amended for the sake of clarity
  - "Amount of Rates to be Levied (C)=(A)-(B)" becomes "Net Amount of Rates to be Levied (C)=(A)-(B)"
  - "Amount of Rates to be Levied (Net of BYA) (D)" becomes "Amount of Rates to be Levied (Gross of BYA) (D)"

The calculations for these lines including the treatment of the Base Year Adjustment (Table C) remains unchanged.

#### Table F Change

• A new line will be included for General Municipal Allocation (GMA) as H0909.

The Department is currently consulting with Unit 4 in relation to the budget template, so the above list may not be exhaustive. It is envisaged that this work will be completed in the coming days.

#### <u>Reminders</u>

- Table A Commercial rates should be presented gross
- Table C should set out the Annual Rate of Valuation (ARV) and the Base Year Adjustment (BYA) to apply to each of the dissolved rating authorities
- Totals of BYA and Net Effective Valuation (NEV) in Table C should be consistent with those in Table A (the NEV for all former rating areas should be listed in Table C in order to present the total NEV)
- Section 32 penalty income should be shown in Division H, Other income, account element 'Other fines'
- Any change in approach to vacancy refunds will be reflected in a cost increase or reduction (Regulation 29 of Local Government (Financial & Audit Procedures) Regulations 2014 and Circular Fin05/2014)
- Transactions between legal entities within the local government sector should be shown as 'Inter-authority transactions'
- Income from services provided on an agency basis for entities outside the local government sector should be shown as 'agency services & repayable works'
- Cost drivers to be in L1 for budget allocations

Local authorities should continue to strive for reductions in commercial rates and other local charges, where possible, in order to support competitiveness in the economy, nationally and locally, and to protect the interests of communities.

Local authorities are requested to exercise restraint in adopting the ARV and, where appropriate, the BYA for 2016. Furthermore, local authorities should seek to provide to the greatest extent possible, certainty for commercial ratepayers in terms of the impact harmonisation may have on their rates bills in future years.

#### Issue of budget pack

The Department is consulting with Unit 4 in relation to the budget template and pack and aim to have the pack issued as early as possible in September.

### 5. Submission of budget information

A CSV file and one hard copy of the budget must be submitted to David Drea (<u>David.drea@environ.ie</u>) at Department of the Environment, Community and Local Government, Newtown Road, Wexford. The submission of information to the Department is required by Thursday 31 December 2015.

To reduce the level of queries, the following checks should be completed prior to submission:

- All checks on the soft copy budget check sheets are at 0
- CSV files should be checked for format errors, such as incorrect line errors, commas, etc.
- Soft copy budget files should be submitted with each CSV file
- All soft copy budget files should be compared to hard copy budget books submitted to ensure no inconsistencies
- All CSV figures should be rounded to whole numbers; and
- All submissions to be checked and submitted by the contact person for the local authority's budget files in event of any queries arising

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Lorlaine Donote

Lorraine O'Donoghue Principal Local Government Finance

# Appendix 1 - 30 September report to Department - Preliminary estimate of capital and current income and expenditure for the forthcoming financial year

Prelimina	Preliminary estimate of capital and current income and expenditure for the forthcoming financial year		
Local Authority	Insert Local Authority Name		
		€	
Overall ba	Overall balance (1 - 2)		
1. Total R	evenues / inflows	-	
	Rates / NPPR (net of bad debt provision for rates) Property income		
	Inflows from central government <sup>1</sup>		
	Inflows from operations in financial instruments <sup>2</sup>		
	Other receipts		
2. Total ex	spenditure / outflows	-	
Compensation of employees <sup>3</sup>			
	Social benefits (transfer payments to households)		
	Capital transfers (capital grants paid)		
	Outflows to central government <sup>5</sup>		
	Outflows from operations in financial instruments <sup>6</sup>		
	Other expenditure (net of bad debt provision for rates)		

#### Notes

- 1 Grants and subsidies
- 2 Loans
- 3 Including pensions
- 4 Interest paid other than to the HFA, OPW or NTMA
- 5 Interest and principal paid to the HFA, OPW and NTMA
- 6 Principal repaid, other than to the HFA, OPW or NTMA

# Basis of preparation

The notes on compilation of the report for this purpose reflect the ultimate use of this information in a European and statistical context.

1. Total Revenues / inflows	
Rates/NPPR	Commercial Rates are classified as a tax under the European System of Accounts ESA, D.29 tax on production. ESA accounting rules on taxes and other compulsory transfers require them to be recorded on an accrual basis, when the underlying activities, transactions or other events occur that give rise to the liability to pay. In the case of recurrent taxes on land and buildings such as commercial rates, the 'underlying activity' is the use by a business of a rateable premises over the course of a particular period. The amount of taxes that are to be recorded as revenue should be the amount realistically expected to be collected. For that reason, and in this context, net rates revenue should be shown. In all other reporting (AFS, Statutory Budget, quarterly reports) commercial rates should continue to be shown gross.
	Any anticipated collection of arrears of NPPR income to be included
	Parking fines income should be recorded under this heading. Where parking fines are not accounted for separately from parking charges, 50% of the combined expected income should be shown.
Property income	Portion retained locally in addition to any portion provided for equalisation (if appropriate and as notified by the Department)
Inflows from central government	Revenue and capital grants and subsidies, including the pension related deduction
Inflows from operations in financial instruments	Loan principal repayments received from mortgage holders and voluntary bodies
	Non-mortgage loan income
Other income	The balance of expected revenue and capital income other than that accounted for above

2. Total Expenditure / outflows	
Compensation of employees	Total of payroll costs (as normally set out in Appendix 1 of the AFS)
Interest paid to non-	Total expected to be paid in loan servicing (interest) on loans drawn

government	from institutions other than the HFA, NTMA or the OPW
Social benefits (transfer payments to households)	Expenditure to comprise homeless services, community employment scheme, RAS, mortgage allowance, and shared ownership/affordable housing subsidy
Capital transfers (capital grants paid)	Comprising grants paid through the revenue account to enterprises and individuals including where appropriate for voluntary housing, capital loan and subsidy scheme, community facilities voluntary housing, improvement works in lieu (grant aided portion), affordable housing, sale of private sites, new house grants, thatching grants, disabled persons and essential repairs grants
Outflows to central government	Total expected to be paid in loan servicing and repayments on amounts borrowed from the HFA, NTMA and OPW
Outflows from operations in financial instruments	Total expected to be paid in loan repayments on amounts borrowed from institutions other than the HFA, NTMA and OPW
Other expenditure	The balance of revenue and capital expenditure of the local authority
	Bad debt provision for commercial rates to be excluded